

## HW 5 Errata

Last Modified by: Bill Hung

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10.13

10.13

When the switch is open:

$$I_s = \frac{i_{D1}}{e^{2V_T} - 1} = \frac{10^{-3}}{e^{0.5/0.026} - 1} = 9.502 \times 10^{-14} \text{ A}$$

When the switch is closed

$$i_{D1} = i_{D2} = 0.5 \text{ mA}$$

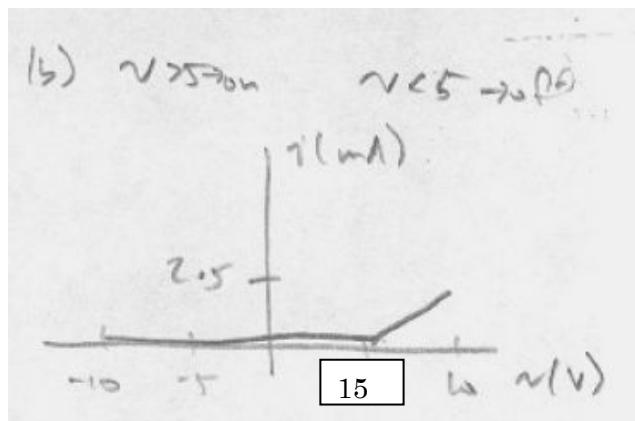
$$V = nV_T \ln \left[ \frac{i_D}{I_s} + 1 \right] = 0.026 \ln \left[ \frac{0.5 \times 10^{-3}}{9.502 \times 10^{-14}} + 1 \right] = \boxed{582.0 \text{ mV}}$$

For  $n=2$ :

$$I_s = \frac{10^{-3}}{e^{0.5/(2 \times 0.026)} - 1} = 9.748 \times 10^{-9} \text{ A}$$

$$V = 2 \times 0.026 \ln \left[ \frac{0.5 \times 10^{-3}}{9.748 \times 10^{-9}} + 1 \right] = \boxed{564 \text{ mV}}$$

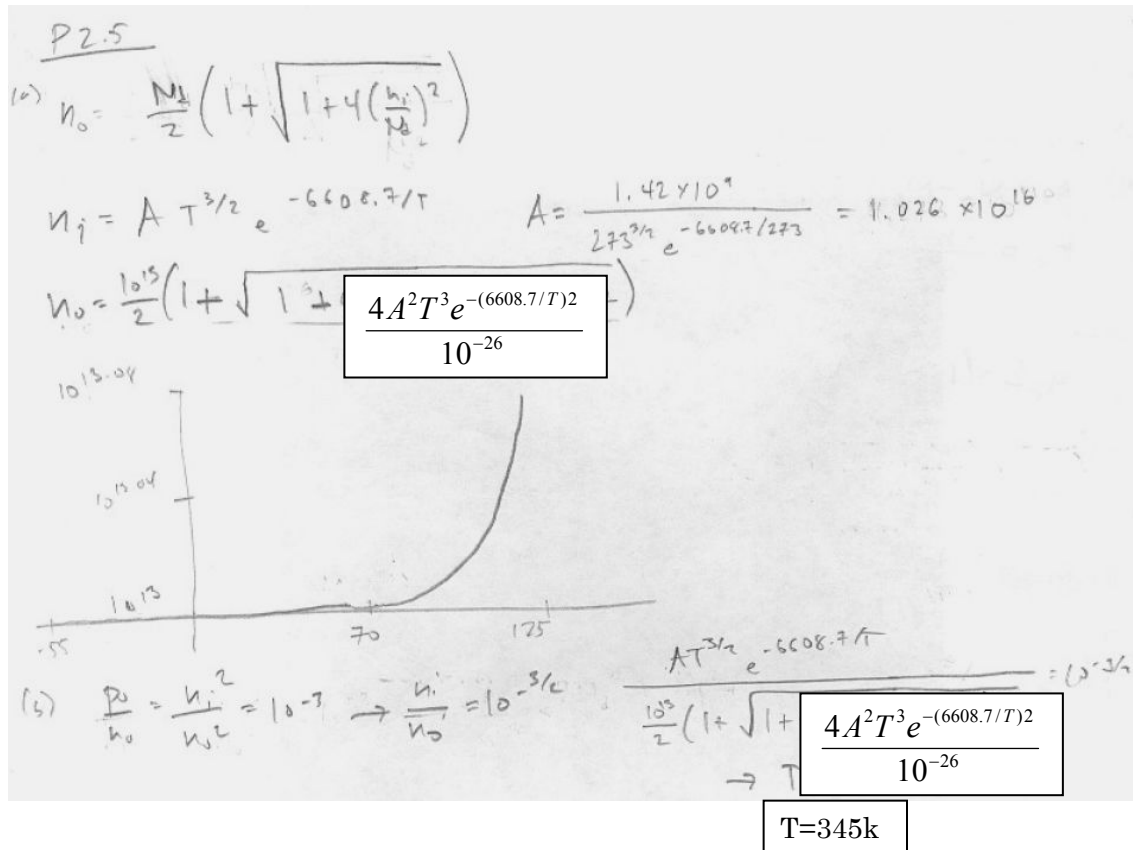
10.35b



E2.10d

(d)  $\# \text{ collisions} = \frac{\Delta t}{\tau_c} = \frac{333.3 \text{ ps}}{0.05 \text{ ps}} = \boxed{6.66 \text{ k}}$

P2.5



P2.7b

(b)  $v_{dn} = -\mu_n E_x = (1450 \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}) (8.333 \times 10^2 \text{ V/cm}) = -1.208 \times 10^6 \text{ cm/s}$

$v_{dp} = \mu_p E_x = (500 \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}) (8.333 \times 10^2 \text{ V/cm}) = 4.167 \times 10^5 \text{ cm/s}$

(c)  $\Delta t = \frac{\Delta x}{v_{dn}} = \frac{24 \text{ mm}}{1.208 \times 10^6 \text{ cm/s}} = 1.987 \times 10^{-9} \text{ s}$

P2.7c

(c)  $J_n^{dr} = -q n v_{dn} = (-1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}) (10^{13} \text{ cm}^{-3}) (-1.208 \times 10^6 \text{ cm/s}) = 1.933 \text{ A/cm}^2$

$J_p^{dr} = q p v_{dp} = (1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}) (10^{17} \text{ cm}^{-3}) (4.167 \times 10^5 \text{ cm/s}) = 6.67 \times 10^{-7} \text{ A/cm}^2$

% error =  $\left| \frac{J_p^{dr}}{J_n^{dr} + J_p^{dr}} \right| \times 100\% = 3.45 \times 10^{-5} \%$

1e. The way solved by the original solution is also okay.

$$V_T = \frac{kT}{q} \text{ (other forms of } V_T \text{ are also okay)}$$

$$V_0 = V_T \ln\left(\frac{N_A N_D}{n_i^2}\right) = \frac{kT}{q} \ln\left(\frac{N_A N_D}{n_i^2}\right)$$

$$Wj = x_n + x_p = \sqrt{\frac{2\epsilon_s}{q} \left(\frac{1}{N_A} + \frac{1}{N_D}\right) (V_0 - V_D)} = \sqrt{\frac{2\epsilon_s}{q} \left(\frac{1}{N_A} + \frac{1}{N_D}\right) \frac{kT}{q} \ln\left(\frac{N_A N_D}{n_i^2}\right)}$$

$$C_J = \frac{A_D \epsilon_s}{Wj} = \frac{A_D \epsilon_s}{\sqrt{\frac{2\epsilon_s}{q} \left(\frac{1}{N_A} + \frac{1}{N_D}\right) \frac{kT}{q} \ln\left(\frac{N_A N_D}{n_i^2}\right)}}$$

$$C_J = \frac{(5 \times 10^{-4} \cdot 1 \times 10^{-4})(10^{-12})}{\sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 10^{-12}}{1.6 \times 10^{-19}} \left(\frac{1}{10^{18} - 10^{17}} + \frac{1}{10^{17} - 9 \times 10^{16}}\right) \cdot 0.026 \cdot \ln\left(\frac{(10^{18} - 10^{17})(10^{17} - 9 \times 10^{16})}{10^{20}}\right)}}$$

$$C_J = 1.54 \times 10^{-15} F$$

2b

$$R_D = \frac{1}{q_p \mu_p p_0 t} = \frac{1}{(1.6 \times 10^{-19})(275)(1.1 \times 10^{17} - 1 \times 10^{17})(100 \times 10^{-4})} = 27.3 \Omega / \square$$

4c

